WEST Search History

DATE: Thursday, October 30, 2003

Set Name Query side by side		Hit Count Set Name result set	
DB=USPT; $PLUR=YES$; $OP=OR$			
L8	gene same therapy same (hookworm or pinworm or tapeworm or roundworm)	0	L8
L7	schistome same gene same therapy	0	L7
L6	helminth same gene same therapy	2	L6
L5	transgenic same schistosome	0	L5
L4	transgenic same schistosom\$3	1	L4
L3	transgenic same nematode	227	L3
L2	transgenic same (hookworm or pinworm or tapeworm or roundworm)	29	L2
L1	transgenic same helminth	32	LI

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

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=> s l1 and gene therapy L9 10 L1 AND GENE THERAPY

=> s l2 and gene therapy L10 45 L2 AND GENE THERAPY

=> s schistosome and gene therapy
L11 2 SCHISTOSOME AND GENE THERAPY

=> dup rem
ENTER L# LIST OR (END):19, 110, 111
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L9
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L10
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L12
40 DUP REM L9, L10, L11 (17 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s 112 and py <= 2000 2 FILES SEARCHED... 4 FILES SEARCHED... L13 20 L12 AND PY <= 2000

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=> s helminth

L1 26983 HELMINTH

=> s hookworm, pinworm, roundworm, tapeworm, or schistosom?
L2 76003 HOOKWORM, PINWORM, ROUNDWORM, TAPEWORM, OR SCHISTOSOM?

=> s l1 or l2 L3 98937 L1 OR L2

=> s 13 and transgenic

L4 349 L3 AND TRANSGENIC

=> s 14 and miracidia

L5 6 L4 AND MIRACIDIA

=> dup rem

ENTER L# LIST OR (END):14
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4

L6 232 DUP REM L4 (117 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s 110 and py <= 2000

L10 NOT FOUND

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=> s 16 and py <= 2000
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L7 160 L6 AND PY <= 2000

=> dup rem

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5

L8 2 DUP REM L5 (4 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 18 tot ibib abs

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 2 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002447964 MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 1

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 22194119 PubMed ID: 12204221

TITLE: Characterisation of the cysteine protease ER60 in

transgenic Schistosoma mansoni larvae.

AUTHOR: Wippersteg Volker; Kapp Katja; Kunz Werner; Grevelding

Christoph G

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Genetics, Genetic Parasitology and Center for

Biological and Medical Research, Heinrich-Heine-University,

D-40225 Dusseldorf, Germany.

SOURCE: INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR PARASITOLOGY, (2002 Sep) 32 (10)

1219-24.

Journal code: 0314024. ISSN: 0020-7519.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AJ429149; GENBANK-Z22934

ENTRY MONTH: 200211

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020904

Last Updated on STN: 20021212 Entered Medline: 20021121

Proteinases have been found to play important roles in parasites. They AB are involved in developmental processes and facilitate invasion of host tissues as well as the digestion of host molecules for nutrition. The cysteine protease ER60 from Schistosoma mansoni, originally characterised in adults to be expressed in excretory organs, was analysed in larval stages. Transcripts were found in miracidia, in vitro generated mother sporocysts and cercariae. After cloning the promoter and terminator of the ER60 gene, a transformation vector was constructed containing the green fluorescent protein reporter gene flanked by the regulatory elements. The ER60-green fluorescent protein vector was used for transfection experiments of COS-7 cells demonstrating the functionality of the promoter in the heterologous system. To analyse the expression pattern of ER60-green fluorescent protein in larval S. mansoni, in vitro generated mother sporocysts were transformed by particle bombardment, a method which allows gene transfer into schistosomes . Molecular analyses demonstrated transcription and translation of the transgene. Furthermore, confocal laser scanning microscopy revealed ER60-induced green fluorescent protein fluorescence within the larvae. Inside primary sporocysts, tissue-specific activity was localised in the qland cells, protonephridia and several cytons. These results suggest that ER60 is expressed in the ES system of larvae and, amongst other

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:384463 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:39069

TITLE: Use of **transgenic** parasites for introduction and expression of foreign genes in animals

INVENTOR(S): Hamburger, Joseph; Laban, Avraham

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yissum Research Development Company of the Hebrew

functions, may play a role in penetration and migration processes.

University of Jerusalem, Israel

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 90 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2000032804 A1 20000608 WO 1999-IL651 19991201

W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA,

MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG B2 20030814 AU 2000-14076 19991201 NZ 512325 Α 20030829 NZ 1999-512325 19991201 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-201850 A 19981201

WO 1999-IL651

W 19991201

AB A eukaryotic diploid multicellular parasite transformed with a transgene is disclosed. A method of providing a eukaryotic host with a protein including the step of infecting the eukaryotic host with a eukaryotic diploid parasite transformed with a polynucleotide sequence encoding the protein is further disclosed. Thus, transgenic

Schistosome mansoni eggs were prepd. by electroporation. The GFP gene was introduced into the GST gene or into the SM1-7 repetitive DNA sequence by homologous recombination. The GST promoter was used to drive GFP gene expression. Snails were infected with miracidia produced from the eggs. Mice were infected with single-sex cercariae produced by the snails. Transgenic adult worms developed in the mice.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d 17 tot ti

- L7 ANSWER 1 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI New drugs, new vaccines, new diseases. An interview with Dr. Anthony Fauci, Director of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID).
- L7 ANSWER 2 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Requirements of multiple domains of SLI-1, a Caenorhabditis elegans homologue of c-Cbl, and an inhibitory tyrosine in LET-23 in regulating vulval differentiation.
- L7 ANSWER 3 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Enteric infection acts as an adjuvant for the response to a model food antigen.
- L7 ANSWER 4 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Into ion channel and transporter function. Caenorhabditis elegans ClC-type chloride channels: novel variants and functional expression.
- L7 ANSWER 5 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Apoptosis in the developing visual system.
- L7 ANSWER 6 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Expression of multiple UNC-13 proteins in the Caenorhabditis elegans nervous system.
- L7 ANSWER 7 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Effect of climate conditions and plant developmental stage on the stability of antibodies expressed in **transgenic** tobacco.
- L7 ANSWER 8 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Expression of interleukin-9 leads to Th2 cytokine-dominated responses and fatal enteropathy in mice with chronic **Schistosoma** mansoni infections.
- L7 ANSWER 9 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Ras pathway signals are required for notch-mediated oncogenesis.

- L7 ANSWER 10 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI beta(2)-Integrin blockade driven by E-selectin promoter prevents neutrophil sequestration and lung injury in mice.
- L7 ANSWER 11 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Inhibition of hepatitis B virus replication during schistosoma mansoni infection in transgenic mice.
- L7 ANSWER 12 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Optical imaging of calcium transients in neurons and pharyngeal muscle of C. elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 13 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI A palmitoyl-CoA-specific delta9 fatty acid desaturase from Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 14 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI A filarial nematode-secreted product signals dendritic cells to acquire a phenotype that drives development of Th2 cells.
- L7 ANSWER 15 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Drastic reduction of a filarial infection in eosinophilic interleukin-5 transgenic mice.
- L7 ANSWER 16 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI The role of eosinophils in parasitic **helminth** infections: insights from genetically modified mice.
- L7 ANSWER 17 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Caenorhabditis elegans twist plays an essential role in non-striated muscle development.
- L7 ANSWER 18 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI A genetic link between co-suppression and RNA interference in C. elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 19 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Schistosome infection of transgenic mice defines distinct and contrasting pathogenic roles for IL-4 and IL-13: IL-13 is a profibrotic agent.
- L7 ANSWER 20 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI cDNA cloning and expression of a C-terminus motor kinesin-like protein KLP-17, involved in chromosomal movement in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 21 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Heritable and inducible genetic interference by double-stranded RNA encoded by transgenes.
- L7 ANSWER 22 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Receptor-mediated endocytosis in the Caenorhabditis elegans oocyte.
- L7 ANSWER 23 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI CLC chloride channels in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 24 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Identification of promoter elements of parasite nematode genes in transgenic Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 25 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Regulation of postembryonic G(1) cell cycle progression in Caenorhabditis elegans by a cyclin D/CDK-like complex.
- L7 ANSWER 26 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN

- TI Trapping and immobilization of Nippostrongylus brasiliensis larvae at the site of inoculation in primary infections of interleukin-5 transgenic mice.
- L7 ANSWER 27 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Animal cell-death suppressors Bcl-x(L) and Ced-9 inhibit cell death in tobacco plants.
- L7 ANSWER 28 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Humoral response suppression observed with CD23 transgenics.
- L7 ANSWER 29 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Eosinophil and IgE responses of IL-5 transgenic mice experimentally infected with Nippostrongylus brasiliensis.
- L7 ANSWER 30 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI The timing of lin-4 RNA accumulation controls the timing of postembryonic developmental events in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 31 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Function and dysfunction of the presentlins.
- L7 ANSWER 32 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Transcription, biochemistry and localization of nematode annexins.
- L7 ANSWER 33 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Analysis of calsequestrin gene expression using green fluorescent protein in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 34 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI The substance P receptor is necessary for a normal granulomatous response in murine **schistosomiasis** mansoni.
- L7 ANSWER 35 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Evidence for multiple promoter elements orchestrating male-specific regulation of the her-1 gene in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 36 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Caenorhabditis elegans inhibitor of apoptosis protein (IAP) homologue BIR-1 plays a conserved role in cytokinesis.
- L7 ANSWER 37 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Integration of the central death pathway in cellular decision-making.
- L7 ANSWER 38 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Two heteromeric kinesin complexes in chemosensory neurons and sensory cilia of Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 39 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Proapoptotic activity of Caenorhabditis elegans CED-4 protein in Drosophila: implicated mechanisms for caspase activation.
- L7 ANSWER 40 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Expression of spliceosome-associated protein 49 is required for early embryogenesis in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 41 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI The levels of the RoRNP-associated Y RNA are dependent upon the presence of ROP-1, the Caenorhabditis elegans Ro60 protein.
- L7 ANSWER 42 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Cloning of a trans-spliced glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate-dehydrogenase gene from the potato cyst nematode Globodera rostochiensis and expression of its putative promoter region in Caenorhabditis elegans.

- L7 ANSWER 43 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Substance P regulates somatostatin expression in inflammation.
- L7 ANSWER 44 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Repression by the 3' UTR of fem-3, a sex-determining gene, relies on a ubiquitous mog-dependent control in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 45 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Monogenic determinants of familial Alzheimer's disease: presenilin-1 mutations.
- L7 ANSWER 46 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Life extension and stress resistance in Caenorhabditis elegans modulated by the tkr-1 gene.
- L7 ANSWER 47 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Regulation of the Caenorhabditis elegans gut cysteine protease gene cpr-1: requirement for GATA motifs.
- L7 ANSWER 48 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Immune responses of IL-5 **transgenic** mice to parasites and aeroallergens.
- L7 ANSWER 49 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Enhanced liver cell mutations in trematode-infected Big Blue transgenic mice.
- L7 ANSWER 50 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Identification of heterochronic mutants in Caenorhabditis elegans.
 Temporal misexpression of a collagen::green fluorescent protein fusion gene.
- L7 ANSWER 51 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI In vivo expression of neutrophil inhibitory factor via gene transfer prevents lipopolysaccharide-induced lung neutrophil infiltration and injury by a beta2 integrin-dependent mechanism.
- L7 ANSWER 52 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Chromatin silencing and the maintenance of a functional germline in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 53 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI pha-4 is Ce-fkh-1, a fork head/HNF-3alpha, beta, gamma homolog that functions in organogenesis of the C. elegans pharynx.
- L7 ANSWER 54 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI The Bcl-2 family and cell death regulation.
- L7 ANSWER 55 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Serine hydroxymethyltransferase is maternally essential in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 56 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Characterization of cDNAs encoding serine proteinases from the soybean cyst nematode Heterodera glycines.
- L7 ANSWER 57 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Protective roles of eosinophils in Nippostrongylus brasiliensis infection.
- L7 ANSWER 58 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Comparative studies on **schistosomulicidal** activity of mouse and rat eosinophils.

- L7 ANSWER 59 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Th2-mediated host protective immunity to intestinal nematode infections.
- L7 ANSWER 60 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Immunoregulation and parasitic infections.
- L7 ANSWER 61 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Reprogramming chemotaxis responses: sensory neurons define olfactory preferences in C. elegans.
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- TI Interpreting a sequenced genome: toward a cosmid **transgenic** library of Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 63 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Functional domains of LAG-2, a putative signaling ligand for LIN-12 and GLP-1 receptors in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 64 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Expression of a Schistosoma mansoni 28-kilodalton glutathione S-transferase in the livers of transgenic mice and its effect on parasite infection.
- L7 ANSWER 65 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Eosinophilic interleukin 5 (IL-5) transgenic mice: eosinophil activity and impaired clearance of Schistosoma mansoni.
- L7 ANSWER 66 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Molecular cloning and expression of the Caenorhabditis elegans klp-3, an ortholog of C terminus motor kinesins Kar3 and ncd.
- L7 ANSWER 67 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Alignment of the genetic and physical maps in the dpy-5 bli-4 (I) region of C. elegans by the serial cosmid rescue of lethal mutations.
- L7 ANSWER 68 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Positive and negative tissue-specific signaling by a nematode epidermal growth factor receptor.
- L7 ANSWER 69 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Impaired host defense, hematopoiesis, granulomatous inflammation and type 1-type 2 cytokine balance in mice lacking CC chemokine receptor 1.
- L7 ANSWER 70 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Transgene-induced production of IL-4 alters the development and collagen expression of T helper cell 1-type pulmonary granulomas.
- L7 ANSWER 71 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI The mouse rostral cerebellar malformation gene encodes an UNC-5-like protein.
- L7 ANSWER 72 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Structure and expression of the Caenorhabditis elegans protein kinase C2 gene. Origins and regulated expression of a family of Ca2+-activated protein kinase C isoforms.
- L7 ANSWER 73 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Structure, function, and expression of SEL-1, a negative regulator of LIN-12 and GLP-1 in C. elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 74 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Identification of an animal omega-3 fatty acid desaturase by heterologous expression in Arabidopsis.

- L7 ANSWER 75 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Conservation of function and expression of unc-119 from two Caenorhabditis species despite divergence of non-coding DNA.
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- TI Eosinophilia, IL-5 level and recovery of larvae in IL-5 transgenic mice infected with Toxocara canis.
- L7 ANSWER 77 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI A murine neural-specific homolog corrects cholinergic defects in Caenorhabditis elegans unc-18 mutants.
- L7 ANSWER 78 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI An essential ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme with tissue and developmental specificity in th nematode Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 79 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI **Transgenic** strains of the nematode C. elegans in biomonitoring and toxicology: effects of captan and related compounds on the stress response.
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- TI Zinc finger protein GFI-1 cooperates with myc and pim-1 in T-cell lymphomagenesis by reducing the requirements for IL-2.
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- TI The Caenorhabditis elegans rop-1 gene encodes the homologue of the human 60-kDa Ro autoantigen.
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- TI Elevated innate peripheral blood eosinophilia fails to augment irradiated cercarial vaccine-induced resistance to **Schistosoma** mansoni in IL-5 **transgenic** mice.
- L7 ANSWER 84 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Identification and cloning of unc-119, a gene expressed in the Caenorhabditis elegans nervous system.
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- TI The C. elegans sex-determining gene fem-2 encodes a putative protein phosphatase.
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- TI Two waves of gamma delta T cells expressing different V delta genes are recruited into **schistosome**-induced liver granulomas.
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- TI The C. elegans neuronally expressed homeobox gene ceh-10 is closely related to genes expressed in the vertebrate eye.
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- TI Participation of the protein Go in multiple aspects of behavior in C. elegans.

- L7 ANSWER 91 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Modulation of serotonin-controlled behaviors by Go in Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 92 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Elements regulating cell- and stage-specific expression of the C. elegans MyoD family homolog hlh-1.
- L7 ANSWER 93 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI The mechanism of transposition of Tc3 in C. elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 94 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Transgene CD23 expression on lymphoid cells modulates IgE and IgG1 responses.
- L7 ANSWER 95 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Negative feedback regulation of IgE synthesis by murine CD23.
- L7 ANSWER 96 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Structure and expression of a novel, neuronal protein kinase C (PKC1B) from Caenorhabditis elegans. PKC1B is expressed selectively in neurons that receive, transmit, and process environmental signals.
- L7 ANSWER 97 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Target site choice of the related transposable elements Tc1 and Tc3 of Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 98 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Comparing mutants, selective breeding, and transgenics in the dissection of aging processes of Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 99 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI unc-101, a gene required for many aspects of Caenorhabditis elegans development and behavior, encodes a clathrin-associated protein.
- L7 ANSWER 100 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI One-step purification of plant ferredoxin-NADP+ oxidoreductase expressed in Escherichia coli as fusion with glutathione S-transferase.
- L7 ANSWER 101 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Analysis of the VPE sequences in the Caenorhabditis elegans vit-2 promoter with extrachromosomal tandem array-containing transgenic strains.
- L7 ANSWER 102 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Molecular cloning and developmental expression of the alpha-2 tubulin gene of Caenorhabditis elegans.
- L7 ANSWER 103 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI The Drosophila melanogaster flightless-I gene involved in gastrulation and muscle degeneration encodes gelsolin-like and leucine-rich repeat domains and is conserved in Caenorhabditis elegans and humans.
- L7 ANSWER 104 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Genetic identification, sequence, and alternative splicing of the Caenorhabditis elegans alpha 2(IV) collagen gene.
- L7 ANSWER 105 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Genetic and molecular characterization of the Caenorhabditis elegans spermatogenesis-defective gene spe-17.
- L7 ANSWER 106 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Characterization of the Caenorhabditis elegans Tcl transposase in vivo and in vitro.

- L7 ANSWER 107 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI In vitro and in vivo activation of murine gamma/delta T cells induces the expression of IgA, IgM, and IgG Fc receptors.
- L7 ANSWER 108 OF 160 MEDLINE on STN
- TI Analysis of dominant-negative mutations of the Caenorhabditis elegans let-60 ras gene.
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- TI Eosinophilia in transgenic mice expressing interleukin 5.
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- TI Investigating the impact of intestinal **helminth** infection on immune response in a **transgenic** adoptive transfer system.
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- TI High affinity IgE receptor-mediated IL-10 release by human and transgenic mouse eosinophils.
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- TI Reduced mortality rate of IL-5 **transgenic** mice infected with a Chinese strain of **Schistosoma** japonicum.
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- TI Liver fluke infestations enhance mutation frequency in big blue transgenic mice.
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- TI Immune responses of IL-5 **transgenic** mice to parasites and aeroallergens.
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- TI Schistosoma mansoni infection in murine TGF-beta-1 transgenic models.
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- Transgenic mice expressing high levels of soluble TNF receptor 1 are highly sensitive to L. monocytogenes, M. tuberculosis, L. major, T. gondii and T. cruzi infections, display unaltered to S. mansoni infection and are protected from lethal cerebral malaria.
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- RESERVED. on STN
- TI Molecular genetics of bladder cancer: Pathways of development and progression.
- L7 ANSWER 123 OF 160 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on STN
- TI Erratum: Expression of a **Schistosoma** mansoni 28-kilodalton glutathione S-transferase in the livers of **transgenic** mice and its effect on parasite infection (Infection and Immunity 65:9 (3867-3874)).
- L7 ANSWER 124 OF 160 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2003 ELSEVIER INC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. on STN
- TI Lens crystallins: The evolution and expression of proteins for a highly specialized tissue.
- L7 ANSWER 125 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Delayed expulsion of the nematode Trichinella spiralis in mice lacking the mucosal mast cell-specific granule chymase, mouse mast cell protease-1
- L7 ANSWER 126 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI IL-9-deficient mice establish fundamental roles for IL-9 in pulmonary mastocytosis and goblet cell hyperplasia but not T cell development
- L7 ANSWER 127 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Role of IL-5 in innate and adaptive immunity to larval Strongyloides stercoralis in mice
- L7 ANSWER 128 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI In activated mast cells, IL-1 up-regulates the production of several Th2-related cytokines including IL-9
- L7 ANSWER 129 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Pulmonary eosinophilia and production of MIP-1 alpha are prominent responses to infection with pneumonia virus of mice
- L7 ANSWER 130 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Antigen-presenting cells recruited by Brugia malayi induce Th2 differentiation of naive CD4(+) T cells
- L7 ANSWER 131 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Do eosinophils have a role in the killing of helminth parasites?
- L7 ANSWER 132 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI The Biomphalaria glabrata embryonic (Bge) molluscan cell line: Establishment of an in vitro cellular model for the study of snail host-parasite interactions
- L7 ANSWER 133 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Characterization of plant nematode genes: identifying targets for a transgenic defence
- L7 ANSWER 134 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Vacuolar processing enzyme is up-regulated in the lytic vacuoles of vegetative tissues during senescence and under various stressed conditions
- L7 ANSWER 135 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Constitutive expression of interleukin 4 in vivo does not lead to the development of T helper 2 type CD8(+) T cells secreting interleukin 4 or interleukin 5
- L7 ANSWER 136 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Nerve growth factor: A neurotrophin with activity on cells of the immune system

- L7 ANSWER 137 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Interleukin-9 enhances resistance to the intestinal nematode Trichuris muris
- L7 ANSWER 138 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Expression of a **Schistosoma** mansoni 28-kilodalton glutathione S-transferase in the livers of **transgenic** mice and its effect on parasite infection (vol 65, pg 3867, 1997)
- L7 ANSWER 139 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI **Helminth** antigens selectively differentiate unsensitized CD45RA(+)CD4(+) human T cells in vitro
- L7 ANSWER 140 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Marked eosinophilia in interleukin-5 **transgenic** mice fails to prevent Trichinella spiralis infection
- L7 ANSWER 141 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI In vivo the environmental pollutants lead and mercury induce oligoclonal T cell responses skewed toward type-2 reactivities
- L7 ANSWER 142 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Eosinophilia and intracranial worm recovery in interleukin-5 transgenic and interleukin-5 receptor alpha chain-knockout mice infected with Angiostrongylus cantonensis
- L7 ANSWER 143 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI Schistosoma mansoni infection in murine TGF-beta 1 transgenic models.
- L7 ANSWER 144 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI B-1 cell (CD5(+)B220(+)) outgrowth in murine **schistosomiasis** is genetically restricted and is largely due to activation by polylactosamine sugars
- L7 ANSWER 145 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI BETA-2-MICROGLOBULIN-DEPENDENT NK1.1(+) T-CELLS ARE NOT ESSENTIAL FOR T-HELPER CELL 2 IMMUNE-RESPONSES
- L7 ANSWER 146 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI PARASITES AND T-HELPER CELL-DEVELOPMENT SOME INSIGHTS
- L7 ANSWER 147 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI ROLE OF ANTIGEN-PRESENTING CELLS IN THE POLARIZED DEVELOPMENT OF HELPER T-CELL SUBSETS EVIDENCE FOR DIFFERENTIAL CYTOKINE PRODUCTION BY THO CELLS IN RESPONSE TO ANTIGEN PRESENTATION BY B-CELLS AND MACROPHAGES
- L7 ANSWER 148 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI DENDRITIC CELLS AND MACROPHAGES ARE REQUIRED FOR TH1 DEVELOPMENT OF CD4+ T-CELLS FROM ALPHA-BETA-TCR **TRANSGENIC** MICE - IL-12 SUBSTITUTION FOR MACROPHAGES TO STIMULATE IFN-GAMMA PRODUCTION IS IFN-GAMMA-DEPENDENT
- L7 ANSWER 149 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI THE BIOLOGY OF THE EOSINOPHILIC LEUKOCYTE
- L7 ANSWER 150 OF 160 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI on STN
- TI INFECTION OF IL5 TRANSGENIC MICE WITH MESOCESTOIDES-CORTI INDUCES VERY HIGH-LEVELS OF IL5 BUT DEPRESSED PRODUCTION OF EOSINOPHILS
- L7 ANSWER 151 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Use of **transgenic** parasites for introduction and expression of foreign genes in animals

- L7 ANSWER 152 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Transgenic parasitic worms as vector organisms for gene therapy
- L7 ANSWER 153 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Preparation of glutathione transferase of **Schistosoma** japonicum with **transgenic** domestic silkworms for medical use
- L7 ANSWER 154 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Increasing levels of foreign gene expression in plants using introns 1-2 and/or chloroplast transit peptide-encoding exons of the PAT1 gene
- L7 ANSWER 155 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Expression of a Schistosoma mansoni 28-kilodalton glutathione S-transferase in the livers of transgenic mice and its effect on parasite infection Xiaochuan Xu, Catherine Lemaire, Jean-Marie Grzych, Raymond J. Pierce, Mireille Raccurt, Frederic Mullier, Farid Zerimech, Jean Pierre Decavel, Simone Peyrol, Jinli Liu, Josette Fontaine, Sophia Lafitte, Andre Capron, and Jean-Yves Cesbron
- L7 ANSWER 156 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI **Schistosoma** as a secretory expression host for use in gene therapy
- L7 ANSWER 157 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI **Transgenic** plants producing enzyme-inhibiting protein and use as parasiticide-contg. medicaments or dietary crops for control of animal parasites
- L7 ANSWER 158 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
- TI Eosinophilia in **Schistosoma** japonicum-infected mice and roles of eosinophils
- L7 ANSWER 159 OF 160 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2003) on STN
- TI Exploring parasite genomes.
- L7 ANSWER 160 OF 160 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2003) on STN
- TI Genetic engineering of an insect parasite.
- => d 17 101, 108, 110, 115, 132, 151, 152, 156, 160 ibib abs

L7 ANSWER 156 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:303394 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:273261

TITLE: Schistosoma as a secretory expression host

for use in gene therapy

INVENTOR(S): Miller, Ira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Miller, Ira, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
    WO 9711191 A1 19970327 WO 1996-US15083 19960920 <--
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
           ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS,
           LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
           SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY,
           KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
           IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA
    CA 2232514
                AA 19970327 CA 1996-2232514 19960920 <--
                    A1 19970409
                                      AU 1996-72411 19960920 <--
    AU 9672411
                   A1 19980708
                                     EP 1996-933832 19960920 <--
    EP 851936
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                    US 1995-4115P P 19950921
                                    WO 1996-US15083 W 19960920
```

AB A method of generating transgenic Schistosoma for use as a secretory expression host in the treatment of disease is discussed. The desired products are secreted into the bloodstream of the host (patient) by Schistosomes that have been engineered through the germline with DNA encoding the transgene. The use of schistosomes as an intermediate vector facilitates mass prodn., quality control, termination of therapy at will and dose titrn. The method is applicable to situations in which the acquired protein is functional in the plasma or in endocytotic vesicles. Propagation of the schistosomes is prevented by interfering with eggshell prodn. by inactivation of essential genes using ribozymes or antisense DNA. Regulatory elements from genes involved in oogenesis are used to drive expression of the gene in a human host.

L7 ANSWER 152 OF 160 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:133869 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:176618

TITLE: Transgenic parasitic worms as vector

organisms for gene therapy

INVENTOR(S):
Morley, John

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Haldane Research Ltd., UK SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 49 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
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    WO 2000009731 A1 20000224 WO 1999-GB2678 19990813 <--
        W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
           CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,
           IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD,
           MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK,
           SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
           KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
           ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
           CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    AU 9954316
                  A1 20000306
                                     AU 1999-54316
                                                     19990813 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                    GB 1998-17838 A 19980814
                                    WO 1999-GB2678 W 19990813
```

AB This invention relates to a **transgenic** eukaryotic vector organism comprising a heterologous coding sequence which encodes (a) a therapeutic polypeptide, or (b) a polypeptide capable of generating a therapeutic agent, which vector organism is capable of living non-pathogenically within a mammalian or avian host organism, and of expressing the coding sequence as a therapeutic polypeptide. One particularly preferred group of vector organisms are trematodes, particularly **schistosomes**, and another group of organisms are parasitic nematodes.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE R

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 2 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002447964 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 22194119 PubMed ID: 12204221

TITLE: Characterisation of the cysteine protease ER60 in

transgenic Schistosoma mansoni larvae.

AUTHOR: Wippersteg Volker; Kapp Katja; Kunz Werner; Grevelding

Christoph G

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Genetics, Genetic Parasitology and Center for

Biological and Medical Research, Heinrich-Heine-University,

D-40225 Dusseldorf, Germany.

SOURCE: INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR PARASITOLOGY, (2002 Sep) 32 (10)

1219-24.

Journal code: 0314024. ISSN: 0020-7519.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AJ429149; GENBANK-Z22934

ENTRY MONTH: 200211

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020904

Last Updated on STN: 20021212 Entered Medline: 20021121

AB Proteinases have been found to play important roles in parasites. They are involved in developmental processes and facilitate invasion of host tissues as well as the digestion of host molecules for nutrition. The cysteine protease ER60 from Schistosoma mansoni, originally characterised in adults to be expressed in excretory organs, was analysed in larval stages. Transcripts were found in miracidia, in vitro generated mother sporocysts and cercariae. After cloning the promoter and terminator of the ER60 gene, a transformation vector was constructed containing the green fluorescent protein reporter gene flanked by the regulatory elements. The ER60-green fluorescent protein vector was used for transfection experiments of COS-7 cells demonstrating the functionality of the promoter in the heterologous system. To analyse the expression pattern of ER60-green fluorescent protein in larval S. mansoni, in vitro generated mother sporocysts were transformed by particle bombardment, a method which allows gene transfer into schistosomes Molecular analyses demonstrated transcription and translation of the transgene. Furthermore, confocal laser scanning microscopy revealed ER60-induced green fluorescent protein fluorescence within the larvae. Inside primary sporocysts, tissue-specific activity was localised in the gland cells, protonephridia and several cytons. These results suggest that ER60 is expressed in the ES system of larvae and, amongst other functions, may play a role in penetration and migration processes.

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:384463 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:39069

TITLE: Use of **transgenic** parasites for introduction and expression of foreign genes in animals

INVENTOR(S): Hamburger, Joseph; Laban, Avraham

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yissum Research Development Company of the Hebrew

University of Jerusalem, Israel

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 90 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2000032804 Al 20000608 WO 1999-IL651 19991201

W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,

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CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
             RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
                   DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
                   CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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                                          20030814
                                                              AU 2000-14076
                                                                                           19991201
       NZ 512325
                                          20030829
                                                                 NZ 1999-512325
                                  Α
                                                                                           19991201
                                                             US 1998-201850 A 19981201
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                                      W 19991201
                                                            WO 1999-IL651
```

AB A eukaryotic diploid multicellular parasite transformed with a transgene is disclosed. A method of providing a eukaryotic host with a protein including the step of infecting the eukaryotic host with a eukaryotic diploid parasite transformed with a polynucleotide sequence encoding the protein is further disclosed. Thus, transgenic

Schistosome mansoni eggs were prepd. by electroporation. The GFP gene was introduced into the GST gene or into the SM1-7 repetitive DNA sequence by homologous recombination. The GST promoter was used to drive GFP gene expression. Snails were infected with miracidia produced from the eggs. Mice were infected with single-sex cercariae produced by the snails. Transgenic adult worms developed in the mice.

5

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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(2003) on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:58030 AGRICOLA

DOCUMENT NUMBER: IND20533970

TITLE: Genetic engineering of an insect parasite.

AUTHOR(S): Gaugler, R.; Hashmi, S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Rutgers University, New Brunswick, NJ.

AVAILABILITY: DNAL (QH442.G4)

SOURCE: Genetic engineering; principles and methods,

1996. Vol. 18 p. 135-155

Publisher: New York : Plenum Press, [c1979-

CODEN: GENGDC; ISSN: 0196-3716

NOTE: Includes references

PUB. COUNTRY: New York (State); United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Law

FILE SEGMENT: U.S. Imprints not USDA, Experiment or Extension

LANGUAGE: English